

What is electric choice?

In Massachusetts, the two primary charges included in your monthly electric bill are for “supply” and “delivery.” Customers can shop and compare offers for the “supply” portion of their bill and choose a supplier other than their local utility.

What are some of the reasons for shopping?

- *Price* - Customers who do not shop, remain on default service with their local utility and will pay the price per kilowatt hour noted in the table below. Throughout the year, your local utility will periodically increase or decrease their price per kilowatt hour. Customers can shop offers from competitive suppliers and take advantage of less expensive short term rate contracts or lock in a rate for a long-term contract that may be slightly higher than what they are currently paying but will be lower than the rate the utility will be charging in the next term.
- *Renewable energy* – Many customers like to purchase clean energy to reduce their carbon footprint. Massachusetts utilities are required to source renewable energy for 51% of the supply they provide ratepayers. However, customers are able to offset more of their carbon footprint by selecting competitive supplier offers which include up to 100% renewable energy.
- *Special products* – In competitive markets, companies can provide unique and innovative products and services based on a customer’s individual energy needs. Some examples of special products include free nights and weekends for residential electric vehicle charging, home warranty products, smart home devices and digital tools to help customers control their energy usage.

2022-2023 Winter Rates for Massachusetts Residential Customers:

Utility Supplier	Rate Term	Current Supply Rate	Rate Term	New Supply Rate
NStar-Eversource	7/1/22 – 12/31/22	17.9 ¢/kWh	1/1/23 – 6/30/23	25.6 ¢/kWh
WMECo-Eversource	7/1/22 – 12/31/22	15.4 ¢/kWh	1/1/23 – 6/30/23	21.9 ¢/kWh
National Grid	5/1/22 – 10/31/22	11.5 ¢/kWh	11/1/22 – 4/30/23	33.9 ¢/kWh
Unitil	6/1/22 – 11/30/22	13.4 ¢/kWh	12/1/22 – 8/31/23	22.2 ¢/kWh

(Source: Massachusetts Department of Public Utilities, “Basic Service Rates 9.29.2022” and EnergySwitchMA.gov)

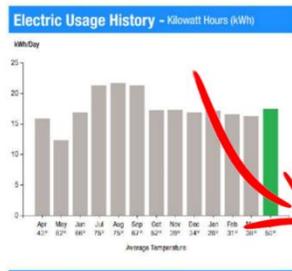
How to Shop:

Find out how much you are currently paying for electric supply by looking at the “standard service rate,” “supplier rate” or “supply services” on your electric bill.

That is multiplied by the number of kilowatt hours you use per month to generate your “supply” charge. You can see how much you can expect to pay from the table above.

EVERSOURCE
Account Number: 0000 000 0000
Statement Date: 04/29/19
Service Provided To: JOHN J CUSTOMER

Total Amount Due by 05/27/19 \$129.34
Amount Due On 04/24/19 \$100.72
Last Payment Received On 04/23/19 -\$100.72
Balance Forward \$0.00
Total Current Charges \$129.34



Current Charges for Electricity

Supply	\$58.32
Delivery	\$71.02

Cost of electricity from Eversource: \$58.32
Cost to deliver electricity from Eversource: \$71.02

Supply Information
Standard Service Rate: 10.143 ¢/kWh
Term Expiration: 6 mos until Jun 30, 2019
Your electric supplier is Eversource, PO Box 270, Hartford, CT 06141-0270

nationalgrid

ESSEX MA 01929

Feb 8, 2022 to Mar 8, 2022

ACCOUNT NUMBER: [REDACTED] PLEASE PAY BY: Apr 2, 2022

AMOUNT DUE: \$70.53

Customer Charge	10.00
Dist Chg	0.06969275 x 249 kWh 17.10
Transition Charge	-0.00098569 x 249 kWh -0.24
Transmission Charge	0.03035571 x 249 kWh 7.56
Energy Efficiency Chg	0.00938 x 249 kWh 2.33
Renewable Energy Chg	0.0005 x 249 kWh 0.12
Distributed Solar Charge	0.0036 x 249 kWh 0.90
Electric Vehicle Charge	0.00046 x 249 kWh 0.11
Total Delivery Services	\$37.88

Supply Services
SUPPLIER: National Grid

Basic Service Fixed	0.13113 x 249 kWh 32.65
Total Supply Services	\$32.65

Explanation of General Billing Terms
KWH: Kilowatt-hour, a basic unit of electricity used.
OR-Peak: Period of time when the need or demand for electricity on the Company's system is high, usually during the day, Monday through Friday, excluding holidays.
Estimated Bill: A bill calculated on your typical monthly usage rather than on an actual meter reading, usually rendered because we are unable to read your meter.
Meter Multiplier: A number by which the usage on certain meters must be multiplied by to obtain the total usage.
Demand Charge: The cost of providing electrical distribution equipment to accommodate your largest electrical load.
Supplier Service Charges: Consist of:
- Generation Charge: The charge to provide electricity to the customer by a supplier.
- Distribution Charge: The cost of delivering electricity from the beginning of the Company's distribution system to your home or business.
- Transition Charge: Company payments to its wholesale supplier for terminating its wholesale arrangements.
- Transmission Charge: The cost of delivering electricity from the generation company to the beginning of the Company's distribution system.
- Energy Efficiency Charge: The cost of energy efficiency program services offered by the Company.
- Renewable Energy Charge: A charge to fund initiatives for renewable energy and fostering formation, growth, expansion and retention of renewable energy and related enterprises.
- Distributed Solar Charge: Recovers the cost of the Massachusetts solar program, including payments to owners of solar systems.
- Electric Vehicle Charge: Recovers the cost of the Electric Vehicle Program, including rebates for installation of EV charging infrastructure and for off-peak charging.

MASSACHUSETTS ELECTRIC SUPPLY SHOPPING GUIDE WINTER 2022-2023

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Visit www.EnergySwitchMA.gov, select “Home,” enter your home address zip code and click “start shopping.”

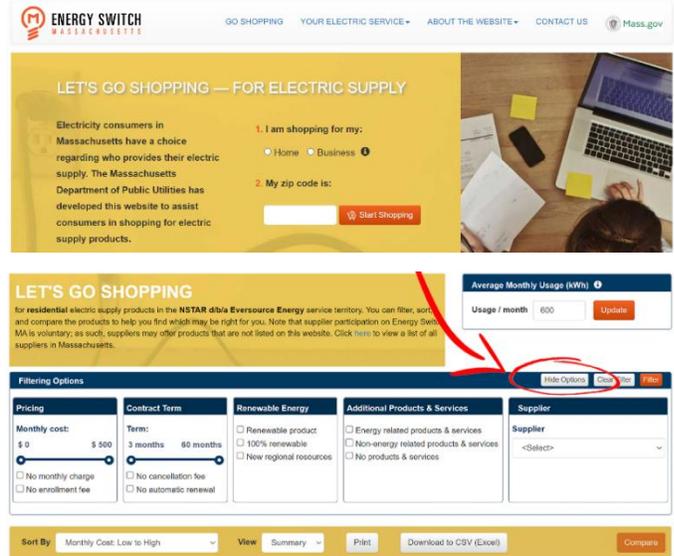
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Select “Show Options” to filter the results based on your preferences.

Contract Term – This is the number of months in your contract at the price per kilowatt hour rate you lock in.

Early Cancellation Fee – If you decide to change suppliers prior to the end of your contract term, some suppliers charge an early cancellation fee. This will be noted in the terms of your contract.

Automatic Renewal – Your contract will be automatically renewed at the end of term. With an automatic renewal, your contract will be renewed with the same supplier, but that product may no longer be available and the renewal may include different terms or a different price. With automatic renewals, your supplier is required to provide a notification of renewal 30 to 60 days prior to the expiration of the original contract. This will include any updated terms.



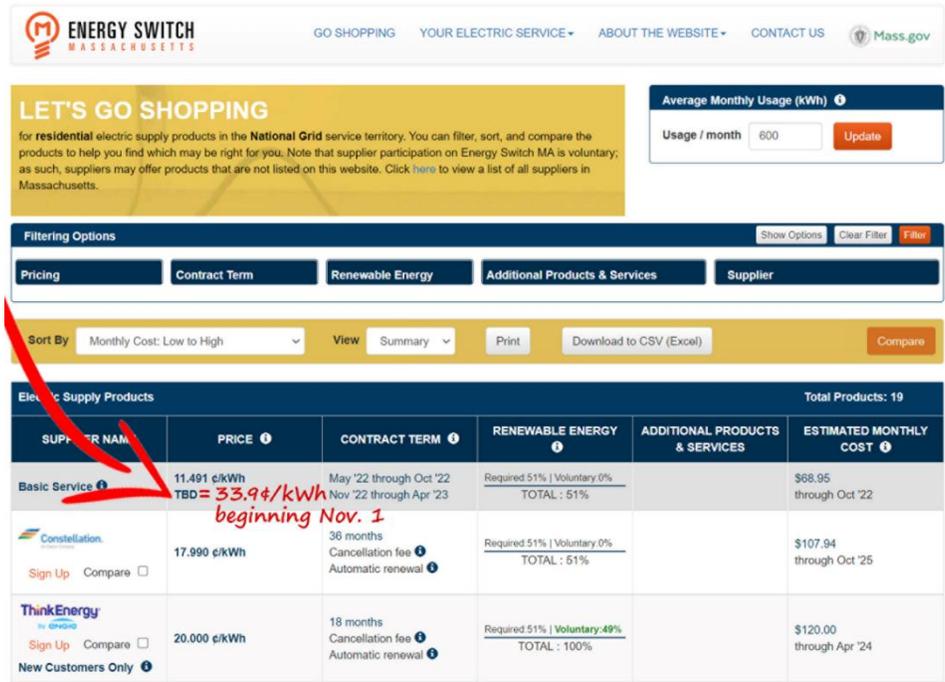
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Compare the price per kilowatt hour you are paying from your electric bill with the available offers.

Consider upcoming rate increases that have been announced by your utility. You can view those in the table on page 1.

This example notes National Grid’s upcoming rate increase from 11.49¢/kWh to 33.9¢/kWh beginning Nov. 1.

As of Oct. 6, 2022, there are more than a dozen available offers cheaper than what the National Grid rate will be beginning Nov. 1.



By locking in a lower rate that is currently available (as of Oct. 6) for a fixed rate contract, customers could save up to 45% on their electric bill this winter.

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After you choose your product and click “Sign Up,” you will be directed to the supplier’s website. If you are not immediately directed to a page with the offer you have selected, review the supplier’s available offers and be sure to select the same product you chose on the Energy Switch MA platform. Carefully review the terms and conditions before signing up. If you are in the middle of a billing cycle, your updated rate and supplier information will be reflected on the bill following the close of the current cycle you are in.

Additional Shopping Considerations:

Type of plan: The difference between fixed and variable rates

Some competitive suppliers offer fixed pricing where customers can lock in a rate for a term ranging from 3 months to 36 months. If that rate is lower than the current or future utility rate, customers will save money. These are called fixed rate plans.

Some competitive suppliers offer deals with shorter contract periods or no contract period. If the rate is lower than the current utility rate, the customer will save. These are called variable rate plans. With variable rate plans, the rate is not guaranteed after the term ends, and it is important for customers to watch for price increases based on possible volatility in the market.

Which plan is right for you? It depends on how risk-adverse you are and whether you are willing to stay updated on potential changes in the monthly price changes to determine if you should switch suppliers. Most customers prefer fixed-rate contracts. People who choose variable plans can take advantage of market lows but could also be affected by market highs. On a variable rate plan, you're charged based on the current market value of electricity. It is important to read the terms of your contract and understand the type of plan you choose.

Smart Shopper Tips:

- When you sign up for a new supplier, note the contract end date and set a reminder on your calendar in advance of the end date to review the terms of the contract (if it will be automatically renewed) or shop for a new supplier.
- Even if you are in a long-term contract, check the Energy Switch MA site monthly to determine if you can find an offer that better suits your needs.
- If you are shopping for cost-savings, consider your local utility's upcoming rate increases in addition to the current rates. Many suppliers provide long term, fixed rate contracts. While the price might not be lower than the current utility rate, it may be lower than what the utility rate will be in the upcoming term and worth switching for the future savings.

Unhappy with your Service?

If you are not happy with the service your supplier is providing or the rate you signed up for is not the rate you are paying, review the terms of your contract and contact your supplier. If you are unable to resolve the issue with the company, you can contact the Commonwealth resources below for assistance.

Contact: Massachusetts Department of Public Utilities
Phone: (877) 886-5066
[File a complaint online](https://www.mass.gov/how-to/file-a-complaint-involving-a-gas-electric-or-water-company)
(www.mass.gov/how-to/file-a-complaint-involving-a-gas-electric-or-water-company)

Massachusetts Attorney General's Consumer Advocacy & Response Division
Phone: (617) 727-8400 Monday-Friday, 8 a.m. - 4 p.m.

About this Guide:

This guide was developed by the Retail Energy Advancement League to help educate customers on the benefits of shopping for a competitive electric supplier and how to make informed decisions in the market. While price is not the only reason customers shop, Massachusetts customers on default service are facing significant rate increases and this guide provides price-specific shopping tips and information on how to shop and compare rates and terms.

If you have a suggestion for how to improve this guide or questions, please email info@retailenergychoice.org.